Understanding the diversity of drivers that influence decision-making at an operational scale

Terry Banack Agricultural Producer Round Hill, Alberta







Our Farm

- We farm in the Camrose area 50 miles southeast of Edmonton
- Banack Family farm was homesteaded in 1906
- Consolidated through marriage with the Kennedy Farm
- Today includes Humphrey & Terry, Willie & Sharla, Nick& Amanda
- Each of these generations bring a different view of the balance needed between natural diversity and farm productivity
- Today we are solely a grain farm but in the not distant past were a fully mixed operation
- We are planning to plant 9000 acres this year
- Our farm consists of wide mix of arable land and native areas
- We employ 1 full time employee and another 2 seasonal employees
- My discussion today will focus on Humphrey & Terry's acres





The land we own

•	We own 10 quarter sections	1560	acres
•	There are 7 acreages or yard sites totalling	57	acres
•	Annual Crops	1269	acres
•	Hayland	49	acres
•	Native Pasture	80	acres
•	Natural areas	105	acres





The land we rent

•	We rent 15 quarter sections	2400	acres
•	There are 5 acreages or yard sites totalling	35	acres
•	Annual Crops	1823	acres
•	Hayland	125	acres
•	Native Pasture	365	acres
•	Natural areas	52	acres





Natural Area costs to our farm Ownership

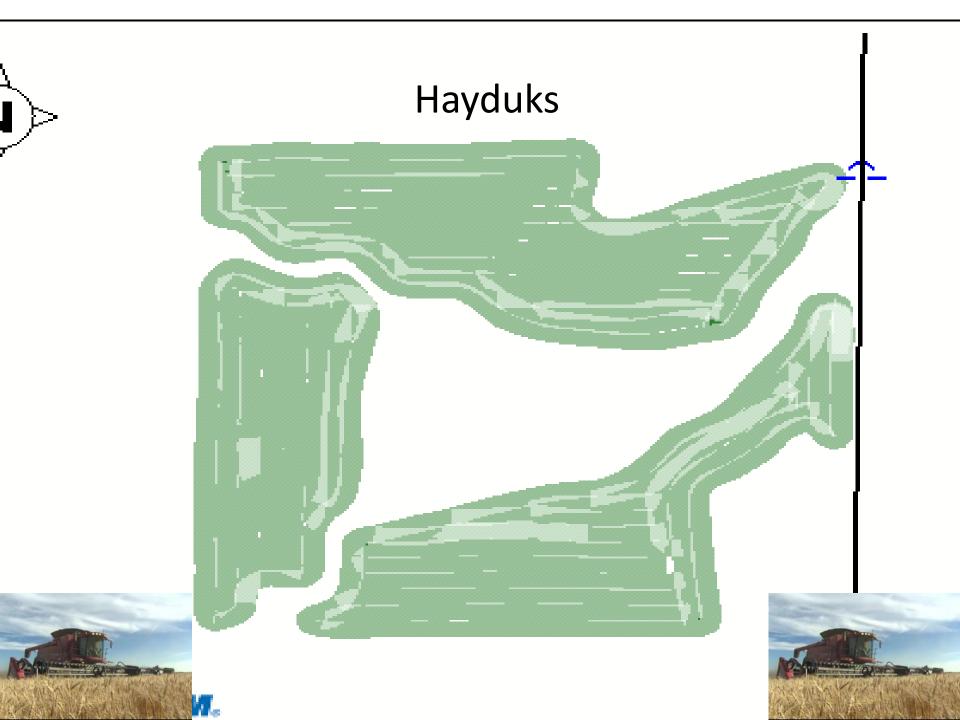
- Costs based on 105 acres of owned natural area
- Purchase cost approximately \$2000 per acre
- Interest cost at 3%
- Taxes
- \$64 per acre
- Natural area annual ownership costs \$ 6720
- These costs are not recognized or acknowledged





\$ 60 per acre

\$ 4 per acre



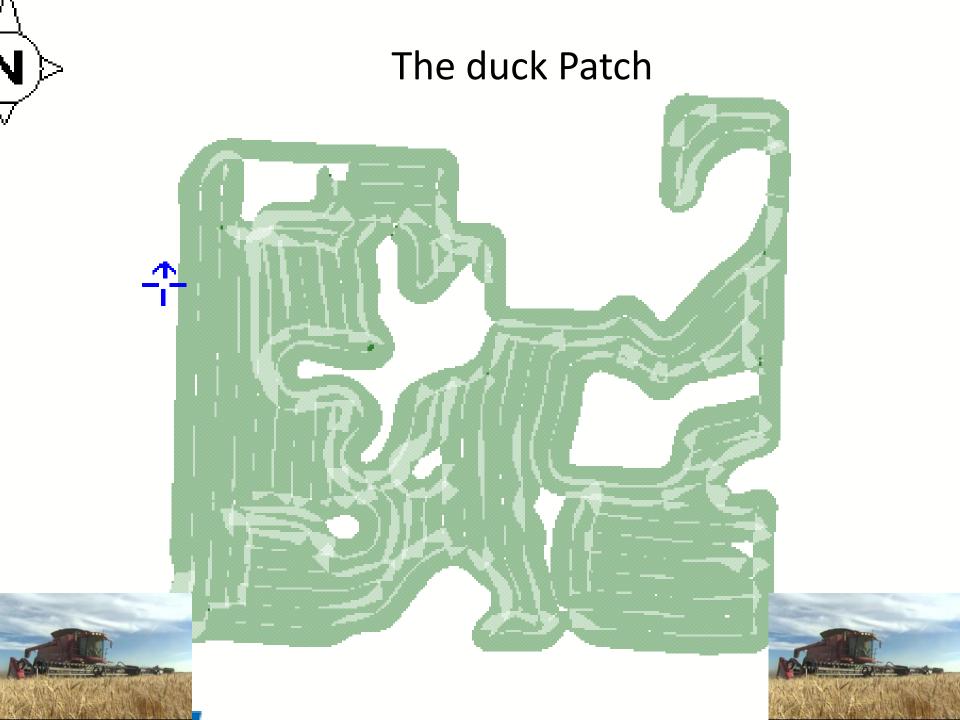
Natural Area costs to our farm Operational costs

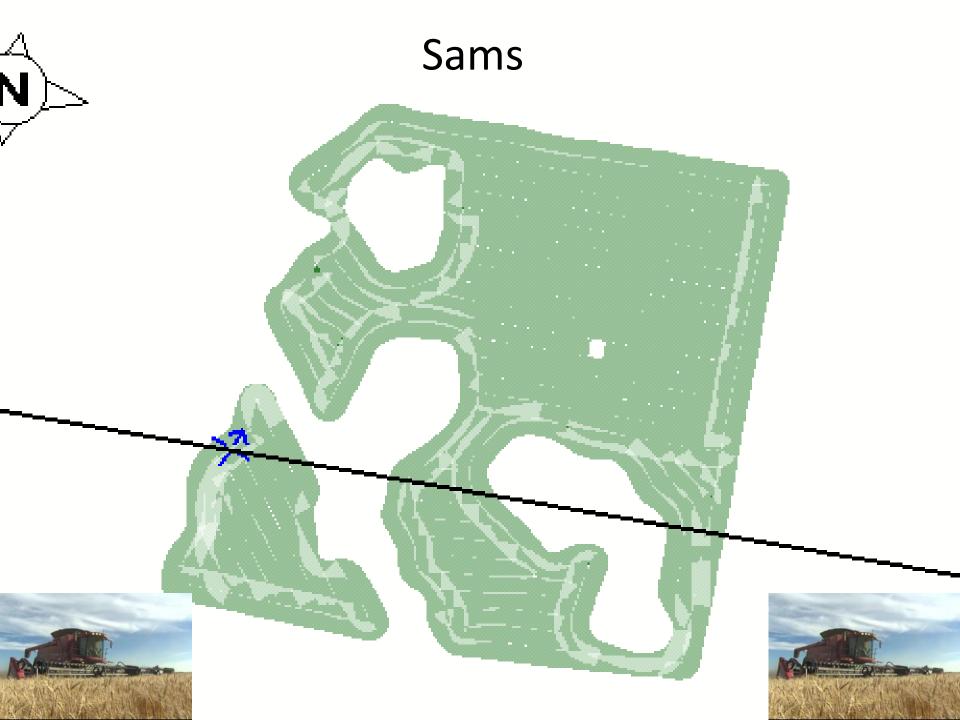
- On the Hayduk field 107 acres
- This difference in overlap is 11%
- Our input costs per acre are \$125 per acre
- Inputs used on excess overlap \$1470
- Machinery and operational time
- Custom Farming \$70 per acre @11% \$825



Cost per acre - \$21 per acre annually
Cost per field \$2295







Our farm is a business

- Strive to be both viable and sustainable to achieve long term success
- We need a balanced blend of the following to achieve sustainability
- 1. Productive and healthy soils
- 2. New technology both equipment and cropping innovations
- 3. Being a good neighbor to both our rural and urban neighbors
- 4. Meeting customer demands
- 5. Stable governments to provide us access to a world market
- 6. Profitable we cannot do this as a hobby





Viterra's Sustainability Program





- World population is expected to grow by over a third, or 2.3 billion people, between 2009 and 2050
- The projections show that feeding a world population of 9.1 billion people in 2050 would require raising overall food production by some 70 percent between 2005/07 and 2050
- Only 5 per cent of Canada's entire land base is suitable for growing food.
- Edmonton added 185,800 acres of built-up area from 1971 to 2011, giving it the fastest growth rate in the country: 220 per cent this is only one city in Canada
- Western Canada is expected to be one of 6 regions in the world in 2050 that will produce enough food to export to feed the balance of the world









Thank You







Kelsey North

